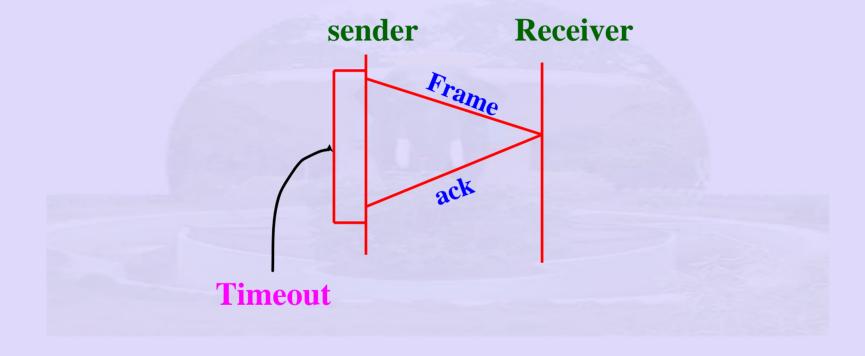
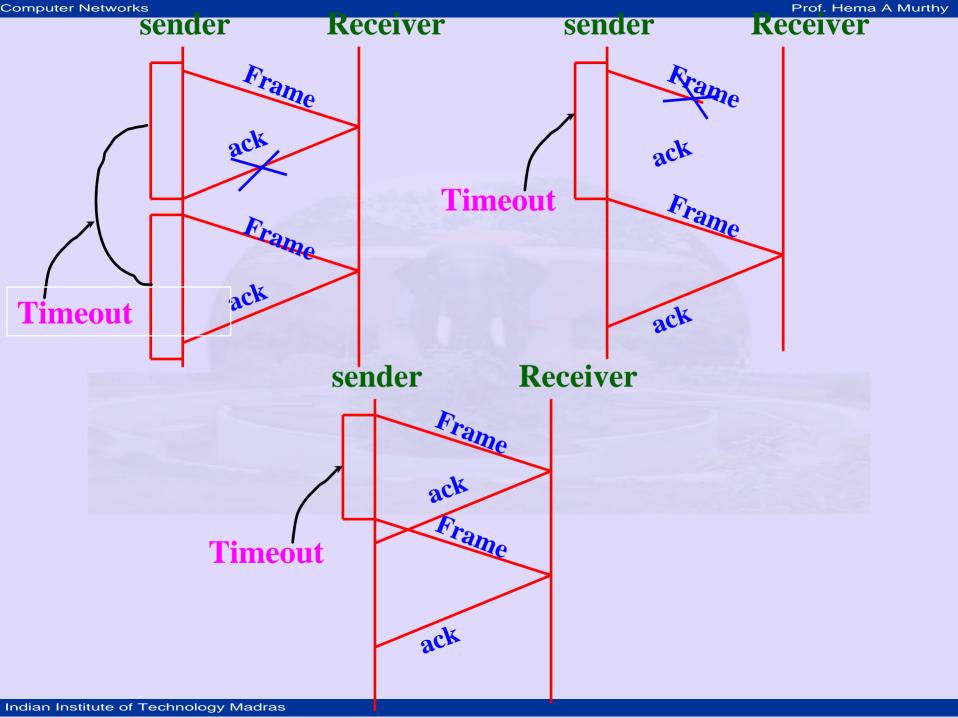
Error control / Reliable Transmission

- Acknowledgements (acks)
- Timeouts
- acks: a short control frame (header without data)
- timeout: sender does not receive ack within finite time retransmit
- Using acks & timeout:
- Automatic Repeat Request (ARQ)

Computer Networks Prof. Hema A Murthy

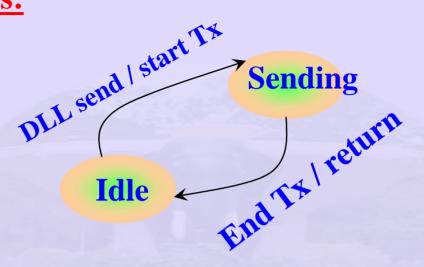




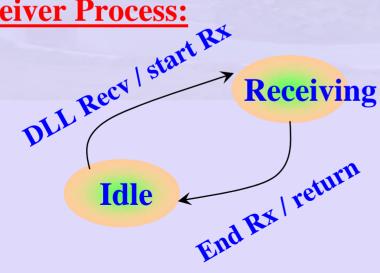
Services

- Sender Process
- Receiver Process
- Service primitives
 - -sv = Send(buf, Size, srcSAP, destSAP)
 - rv = Receive(buf, Size, srcSAP, destSAP)

Sender process:



Receiver Process:



Unrestricted Simplex

- Transport Layer message
- Network Layer packetises
- packet send to Data Link Layer
- Data Link Layer frames and transmits
 - Fast sender slow receiver
 - Sender swamps receiver

Solution

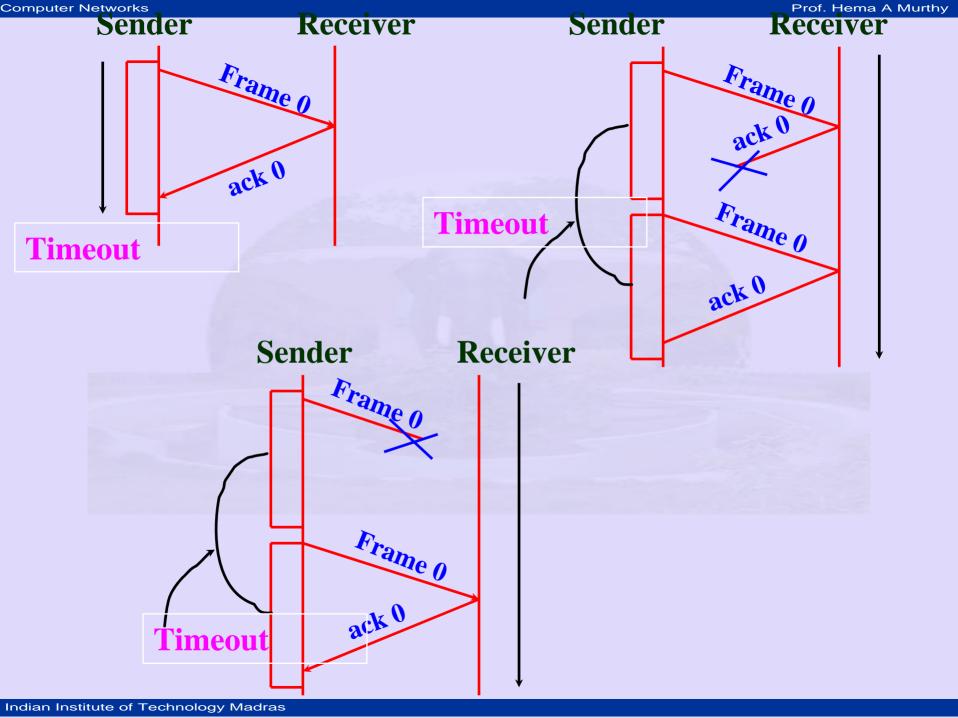
- Slow down sender
 - insert delay in sender (device drivers for plotters, printers)
- Use feed back from receiver
 - send only after acknowledgement is received.

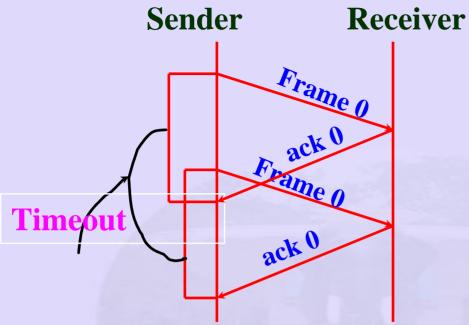
Stop and Wait Protocol

- Sender sends one frame waits for an ack before proceeding.
 - What if ack lost sender hangs, therefore timeout.
 - What if receiver is not able to receive: still hangs - number of tries!

Stop and Wait Protocol

- A simple mechanism
 - A frame lost must be resent to recover from channel characteristics
 - receiver must reply to the event.





Basically require that the sender and receiver take care of all these situation.

Sequence number:

Header includes sequence number

modulo 2 counters at receiver and sender

How good is the bandwidth usage with the stop and wait protocol?

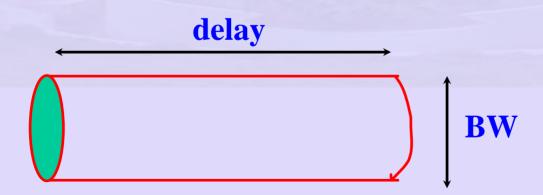
- Example: 1.5 Mbps link

$$-RTT - 0.045 s$$

Propagation delay:

delay * BW = 67.5 kbps= delay BW product

- volume of a link



delay * BW = volume

How many bits fit in the pipe?

Suppose frame size is 1 KB

maximum sending rate:

(bits / frame) / (time / frame)

$$= \frac{1024 \times 8}{0.045} = 182 \text{ kbps}$$

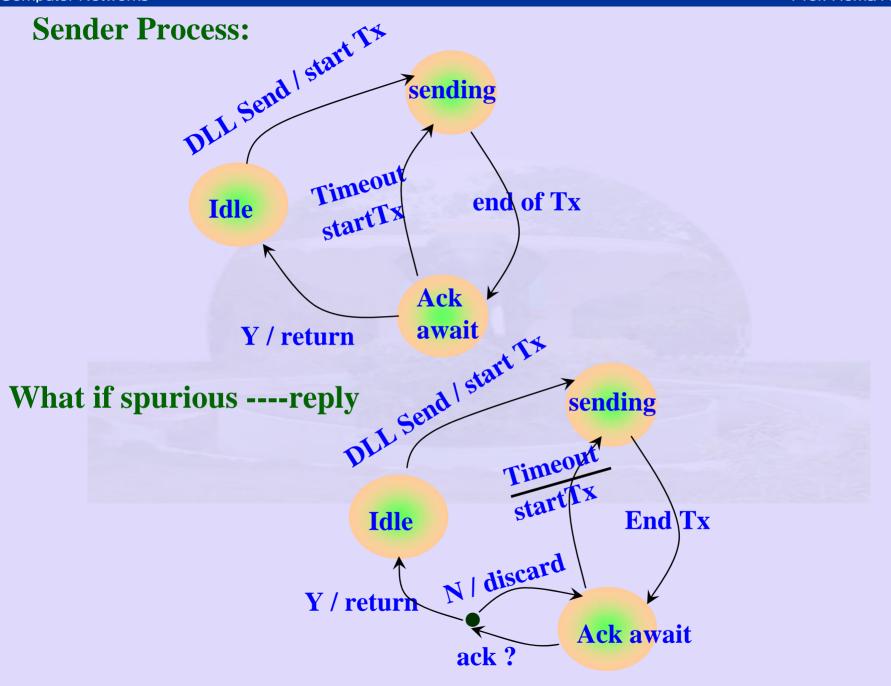
$$= \frac{1.5 \times 10^3}{182} = \frac{1500}{182}$$

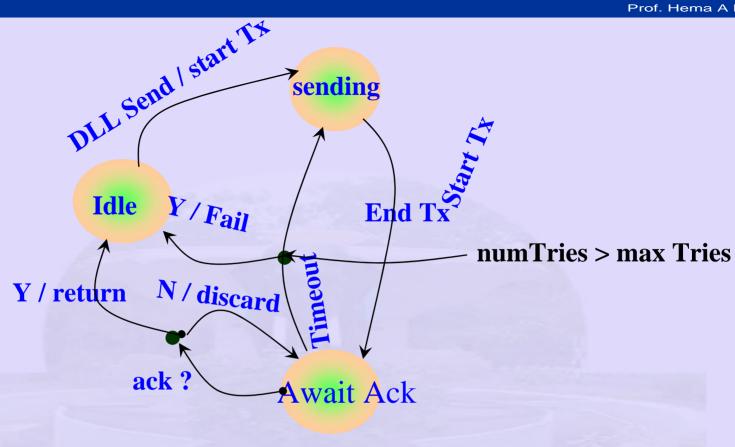
 $\approx \frac{1}{8}$ of link capacity

What does delay * BW tell us?

67.5 kbps can be transmit until an ack is expected.

Program as an FSM:





Sending Process (event)

while (event)

case DLLState if:

Idle: if event = **DLLSend** then

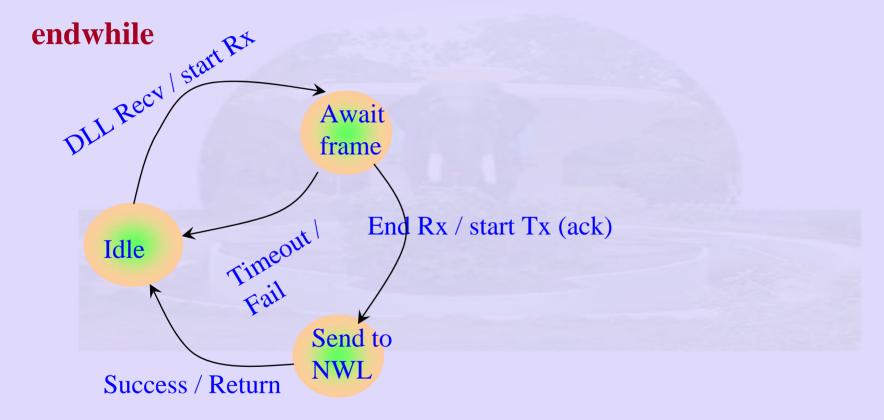
```
MakeAFrame(buffer, s)
        SendToPhysLayer(s)
        DLLState \leftarrow Sending
     else
         error
     endif
Sending: if event = EndTx then
           DLLState ←AwaitAck
         endif
AwaitAck: if event = TimeOut then
            increment numTries
            if numTries > MaxTries then
```

```
DLLState ← Idle
     DLLReturn \leftarrow Fail
else
     SendToPhysLayer(s)
     DLLState ← Sendif
endif
else if event = EndRcv then
    if isAck and SegNo = ExpectedNo then
         DLLState ← Idle
         send Success to upper layer
    else
         discard ack
          DLLstate ← AwaitAck
```

endif

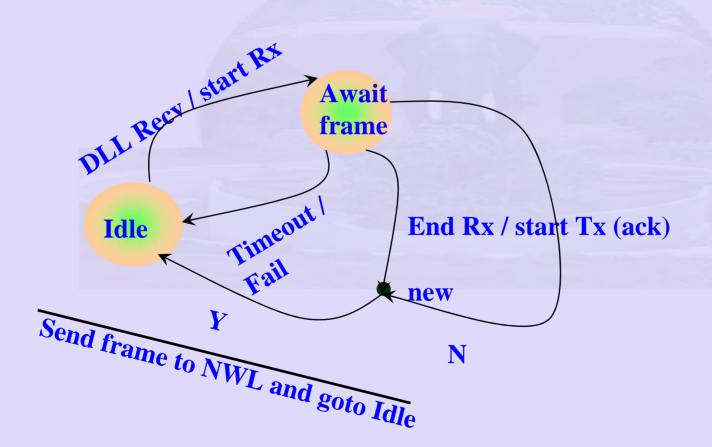
end case

wait for Event()



Problem with Duplicate frame:

- if ack lost, sender sends frame again.
- Positive Acknowledgement with Retransmission
- required sequence number on frame



```
pmodule Sender(event – eventType)
```

```
s – frame
buffer – packet
DLLStack – state of DLL
while (event) do
  case DLLState if:
     Idle: if event = DLLSend then
            getFrame from NWL (buffer)
            MakeAFrame(buffer, s)
            DLLState ← sending
            SendTophysLayer(s)
```

else

error

endif

Sending: if event = EndTx then

DLLState ← **Idle**

endif

endcase

wait for An event()

endwhile

pmodule Receiver (event)

```
r – frame
event - eventType
buffer – packet
while (event) do
  case DLLState if:
     Idle: if event = DLLRecv then
              GetFrameFromPhysLayer(s)
              DLLState ← receiving
           else
              error
            endif
```

```
Receiving: if event = EndTx then
```

```
Make Pkt of Frame(s, buffer)
                  SendToNWL(buffer)
                  DLLState ← idle
            else
                   error
            endif
            event \( \subseteq \text{wait for an event()} \)
event: Check Sum error
       instead of DLL Recv
```

endwhile